person and shall include that person's certification number. Respirable dust samples with data cards not properly completed will be voided by MSHA.

- (d) All respirable dust samples collected by the operator shall be considered taken to fulfill the sampling requirements of part 70, 71 or 90 of this title, unless the sample has been identified in writing by the operator to the District Manager, prior to the intended sampling shift, as a sample to be used for purposes other than required by part 70, 71 or 90 of this title.
- (e) Respirable dust samples received by MSHA in excess of those required by this part shall be considered invalid samples.

(Pub. L. No. 96-511, 94 Stat. 2812 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.))

[45 FR 80756, Dec, 5, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 14696, Apr. 6, 1982; 58 FR 63529, Dec. 2, 1993; 60 FR 33723, June 29, 1995; 60 FR 35695, July 11, 1995]

## §71.210 Respirable dust samples; report to operator; posting.

- (a) The Secretary shall provide the operator with a report of the following data on respirable dust samples as soon as practicable:
  - (1) The mine identification number;
- (2) The designated work position at the mine from which the samples were taken:
- (3) The concentration of respirable dust, expressed in milligrams per cubic meter of air, for each valid sample:
- (4) The average concentration of respirable dust, expressed in milligrams per cubic meter of air, for all valid samples; and
- (5) The reason for voiding any samples.
- (b) Upon receipt, the operator shall post this data for at least 31 days on the mine bulletin board.

## §71.220 Status change reports.

(a) If there is a change in operational status that affects the respirable dust sampling requirements of this part, the operator shall report the change in operational status of the mine or designated work position to the MSHA District Office or to any other MSHA office designated by the District Manager. Status changes shall be reported

in writing within 3 working days after the status change has occurred.

- (b) Each specific operational status is defined as follows: (1) Underground mine: (i) Producing—has at least one mechanized mining unit producing material.
- (ii) Nonproducing—no material is being produced.
- (iii) Abandoned—the work of all miners has been terminated and production activity has ceased.
  - (2) Surface mine:
- (i) Producing—normal activity is occurring and coal is being produced or processed or other material or equipment is being handled or moved.
- (ii) Nonproducing—normal activity is not occurring and coal is not being produced or processed or other material or equipment is not being handled or moved.
- (iii) Abandoned—the work of all miners has been terminated and all activity has ceased.
  - (3) Designated work position:
- (i) Producing—normal activity is occurring.
- (ii) Nonproducing—normal activity is not occurring.
- (iii) Abandoned—the dust generating source has been withdrawn and activity has ceased.

## Subpart D—Respirable Dust Control Plans

AUTHORITY: Secs. 101 and 103(h), Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, Pub. L. 91–173 as amended by Pub. L. 95–164, 91 Stat. 1291 and 1299 (30 U.S.C. 811 and 813(h)).

Source: 45 FR 80759, Dec. 5, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

## §71.300 Respirable dust control plan; filing requirements.

(a) Within 15 calendar days after the termination date of a citation for violation of §71.100 (Respirable dust standard) or §71.101 (Respirable dust standard when quartz is present), the operator shall submit to the District Manager for approval a written respirable dust control plan applicable to the work position identified in the citation. The respirable dust control plan and revisions thereof shall be suitable